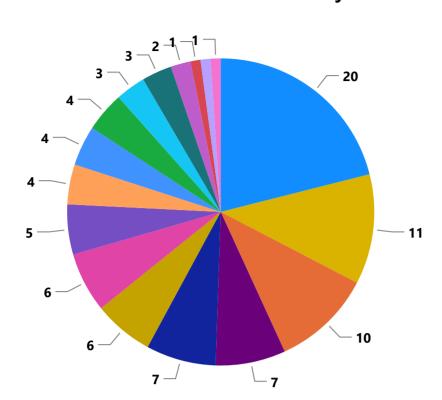




Industry Overview



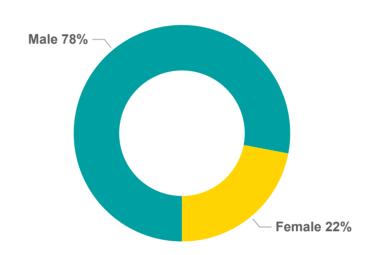


Gender Diversity

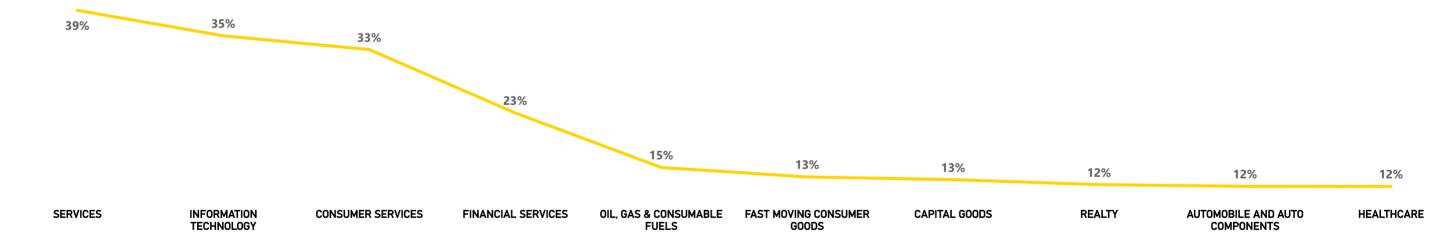


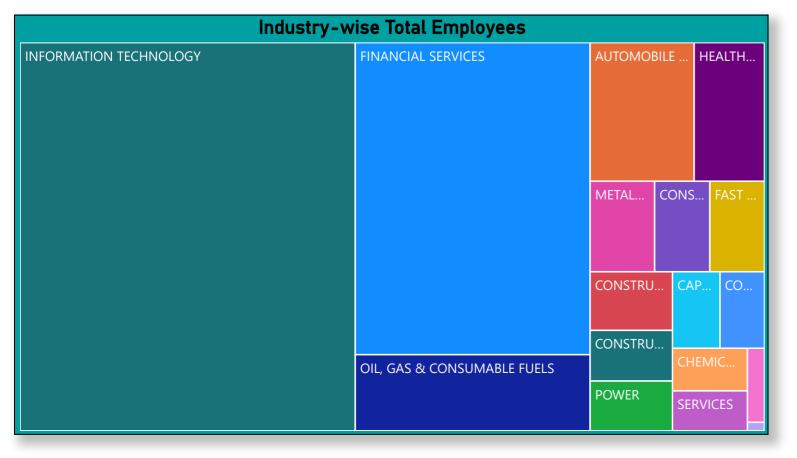
The diversity ratio gives valuable insight into the broadness of the perspectives an organization receives.

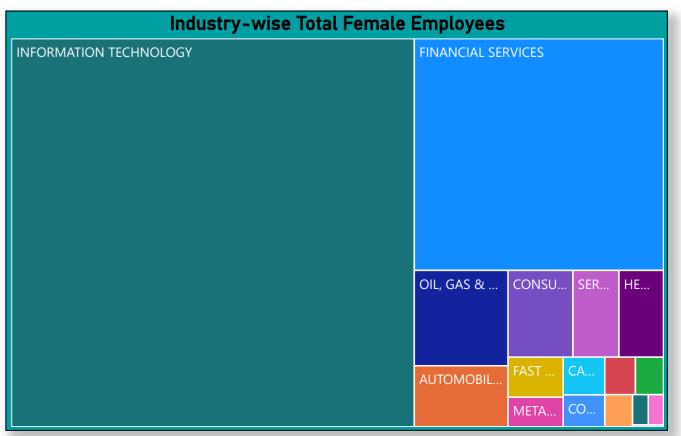
Gender Breakdown



Top 10 Industries with Highest Female Employees

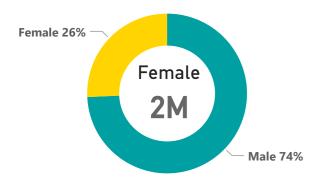








Permanent Employees Diversity Ratio



Female 24% Female

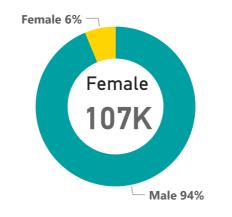
132K

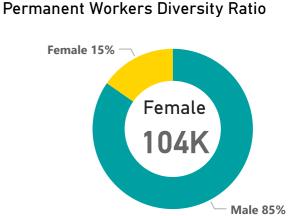
Male 76%

Non Permanent Employees Diversity Ratio



Non Permanent Workers Diversity Ratio





Employee

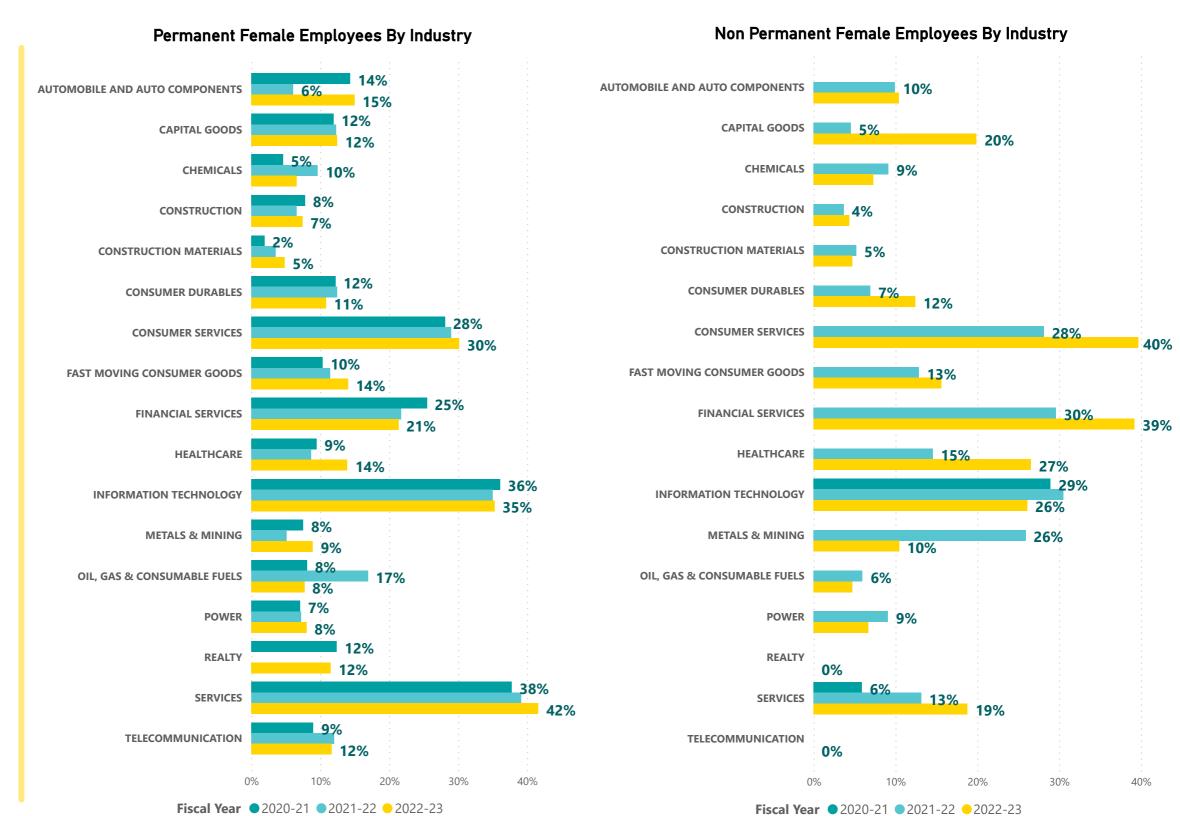
Women representation at employee level All FY's: 26%

Permanent female employees data

Percentage reported in 2020-21: 49% Percentage reported in 2021-22: 51% Percentage reported in 2022-23: 51%

Non Permanent female employees data

Percentage reported in 2020-21: 1% Percentage reported in 2021-22: 7% Percentage reported in 2022-23: 38%



Note: There is a drop in permanent women employees in the textiles sector in 2022-23 because till 2021, number of women workers and employees were reported together. From 2022, women workers and employees were separately reported.

Workers

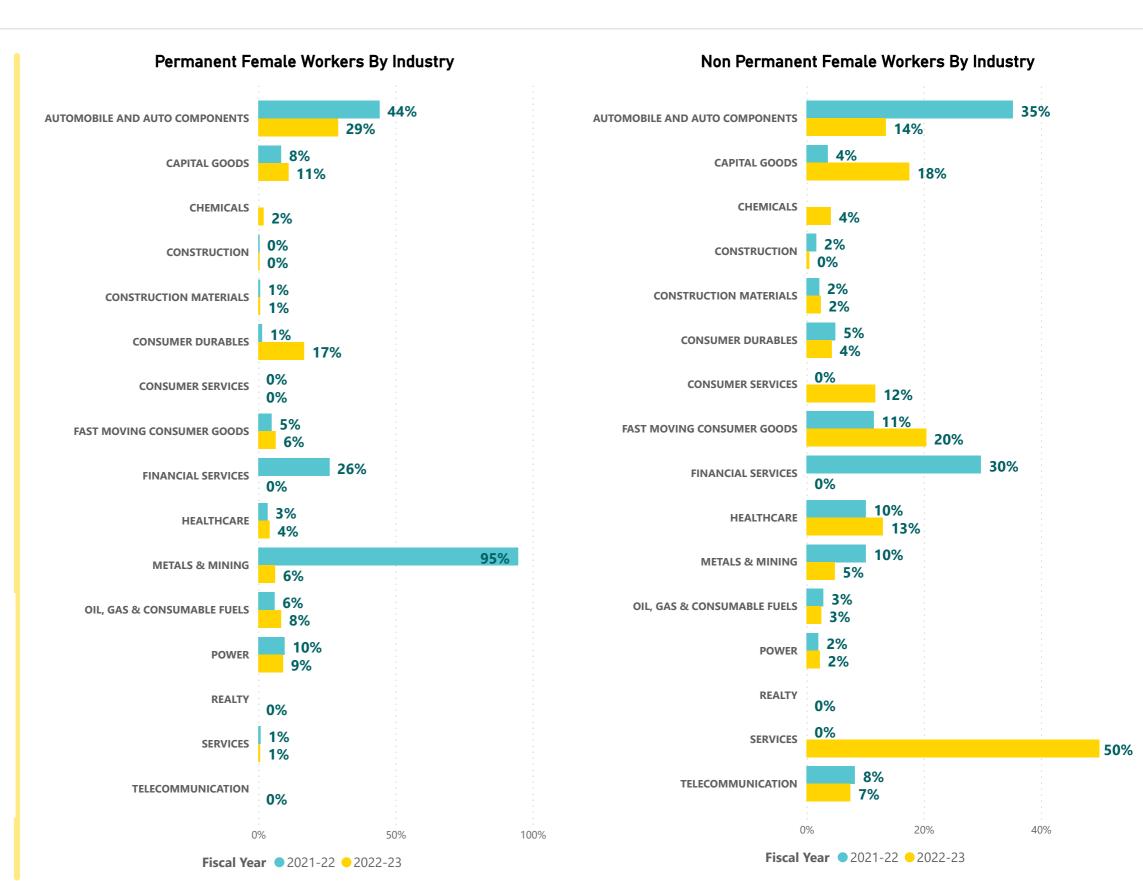
Women representation at worker level All FY's: 9%

Permanent female workers data

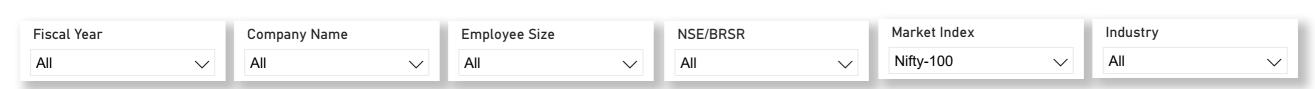
Percentage reported in 2020-21: 1% Percentage reported in 2021-22: 5% Percentage reported in 2022-23: 35%

Non Permanent female workers data

Percentage reported in 2020-21: 1% Percentage reported in 2021-22: 5% Percentage reported in 2022-23: 35%



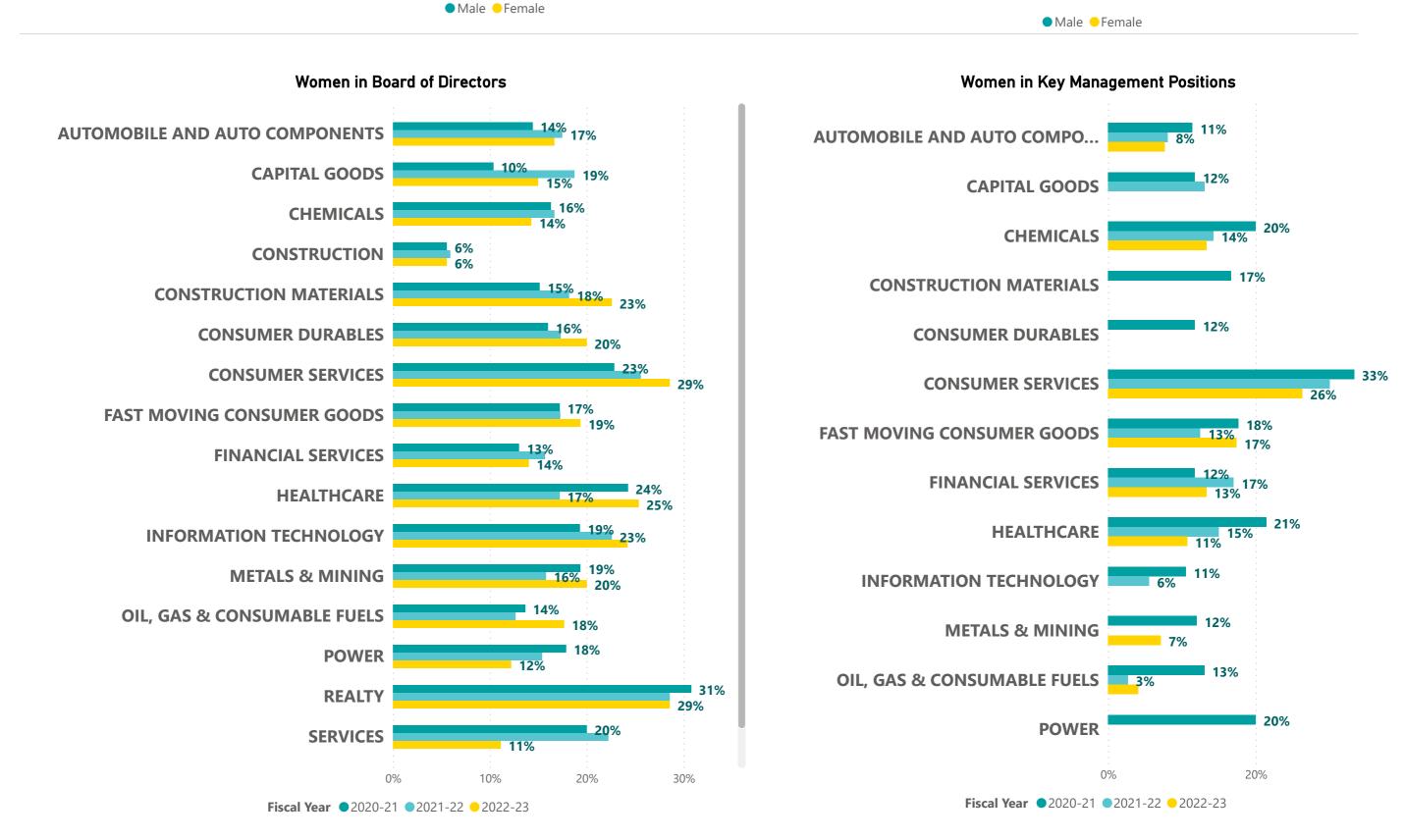
Overview Inclusion and Diversity Retention and Leadership Benefits and Policies



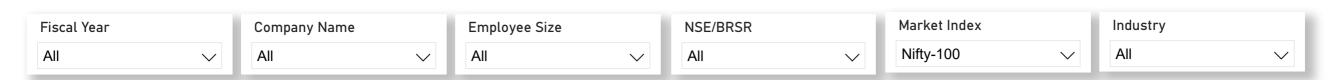
Return To Work Rate Return to Work post parental leave by Industry 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% .97%.96% 98% 100% **Across industries the Return** 94% 89% to Work Rate (RWR) post parental leave for females is 93% compared to males 72% which is at 97% 50% Return to work data CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS CONSUMER DURABLES INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OIL GAS & CONSUMABLE FU. TELECOMMUNICATION FAST MOUNIS CONSUMER G. CAPITAL GOODS CONSTRUCTION CONSUMER SERVICES METALS & MINING CHEMICALS SERVICES 0% Percentage reported in 2020-21: 1% Percentage reported in 2021-22: 7% Percentage reported in 2022-23: 35%

MaleFemale

Retention Rate of permanent Employees who took parental leave by Retention Rate of permanent Workers who took parental leave by Industry Industry **Retention Rate** 97% 93% **AUTOMOBILE AND AUTO COMPONENTS AUTOMOBILE AND AUTO COMPONENTS** 100% 100% **CAPITAL GOODS CAPITAL GOODS** 93% **CHEMICALS** Retention Rate **CHEMICALS** for women **CONSTRUCTION 78**% **CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS** employees who 100% 88% **CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS** took parental 98% **CONSUMER DURABLES** leave All FY's: 92% **CONSUMER DURABLES** 87% 100% 80% **FAST MOVING CONSUMER GOODS CONSUMER SERVICES** 95% **79%** FAST MOVING CONSUMER GOODS FINANCIAL SERVICES 82% FINANCIAL SERVICES 94% **HEALTHCARE** 88% **Retention Rate data** HEALTHCARE 90% INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY **76%** INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY Percentage reported in 2020-21: 1% 98% **METALS & MINING** 97% **METALS & MINING** Percentage reported in 2021-22: 7% 100% OIL, GAS & CONSUMABLE FUELS 99% OIL, GAS & CONSUMABLE FUELS Percentage reported in 2022-23: 33% 100% 99% **POWER POWER REALTY** 100% 100% SERVICES 100% SERVICES 86% TELECOMMUNICATION 92% TELECOMMUNICATION 0% 50% 100% 50% 100%



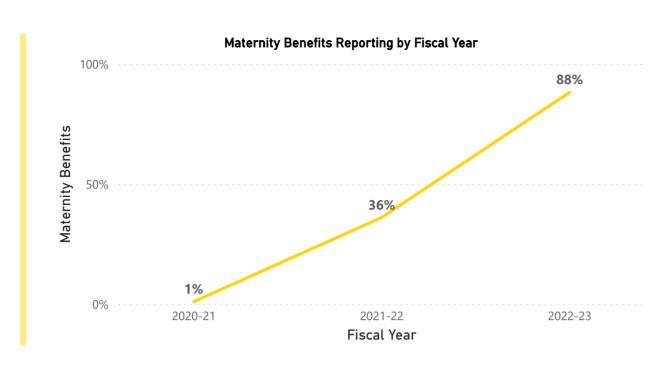


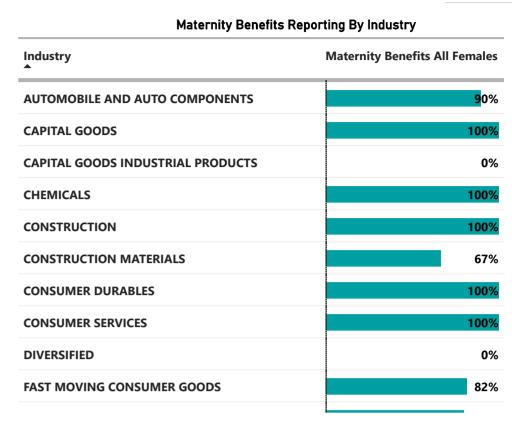


Overview

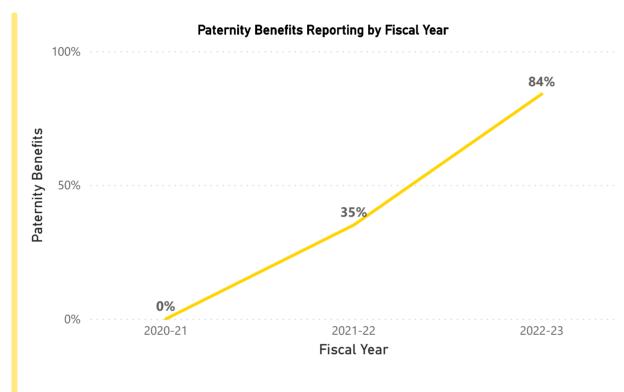
Note: Reporting of employee access to benefits increased in FY 2022-23 due to many companies adopting BRSR framework for reporting

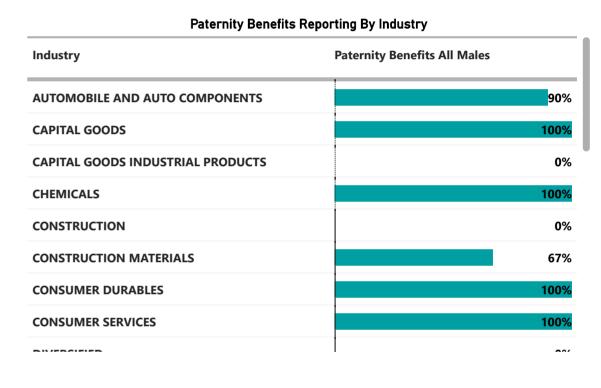
Percentage of companies in FY 2022-23 who reported access to Maternity Benefits is 48%



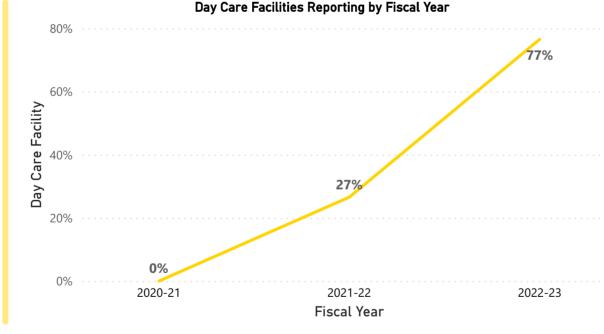


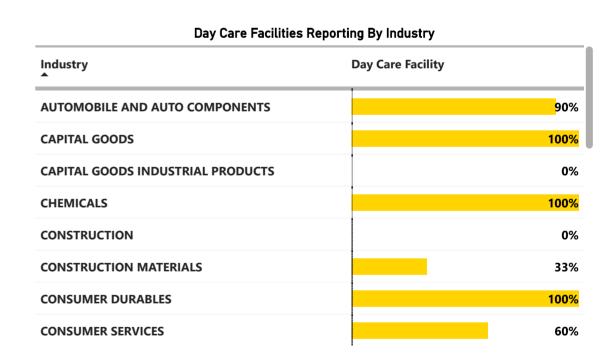
Percentage of companies in FY 2022-23 who reported access to Paternity Benefits is 36%





Percentage of companies in FY 2022-23 who reported access to Day Care Facility is 34%





Percentage of companies in FY 2022-23 who reported access to Health Insurance is 48%

